

GTS NX

Heavy rainfall during deep excavation nearby a river channel

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Note: The parameters in the example use assumed conditions.



Water Pressure

GTS NX can consider water pressure that occurs from the defined water level of a model. Water pressure is added as an edge pressure load for 2D problems and as a surface pressure load for 3D problems.

The pressure size needed for calculating the water pressure is determined as follows:

1. Same size as the pore pressure defined on the target edge/surface (Z $_{\rm coordinate}$)

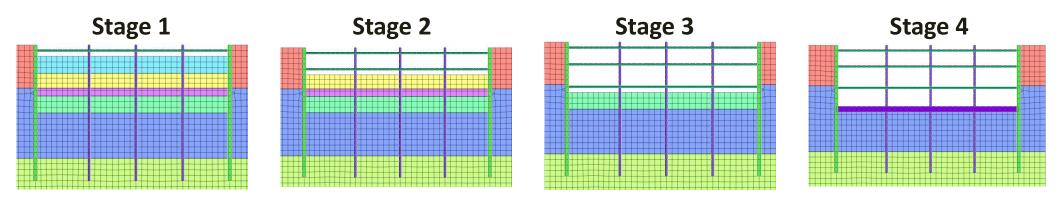
Hydrostatic pressure due to user input water level position, (Z water Level) APPLIED FORCE $P = \rho \times g \times (Z_{water Level} - Z_{coordinate}) = 196.2(KPa) = 196.2(KN/m²)$ +0.00000e+00 -1.63444e+01 0.0% -3.26888e+01 0.0% Water Level:10m -4.90332e+01 0.0% -6.53777e+01 -8.17221e+01 0.0% River:-10m -9.80665e+01 Waterpressure 1.14411e+02 0.0% **Phreatic line** -1.30755e+02 -1.47100e+02 Water=Density 1000 kg/m³ -1.63444e+02 0.0% Gravity Acceleration = 9.81 kg/sec2 -1.79789e+02



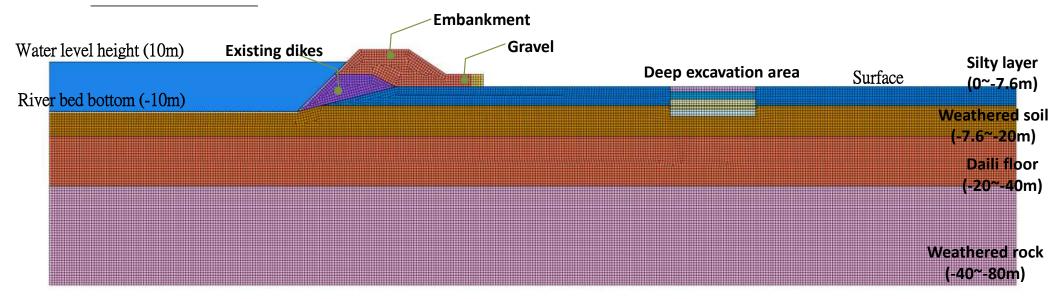


-1.96133e+02

Explanation-1



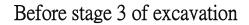
Water Pressure

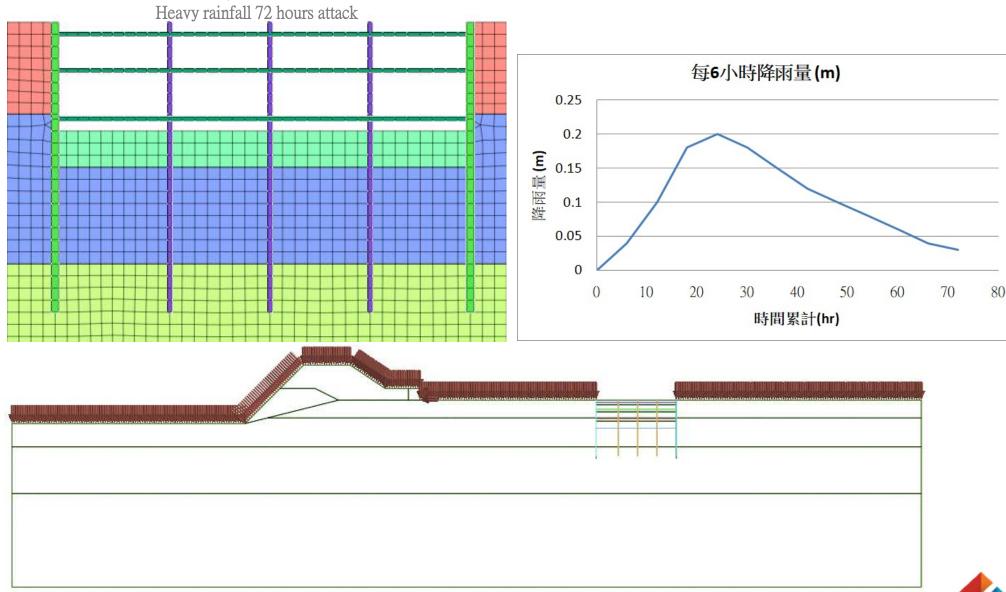






Explanation-2









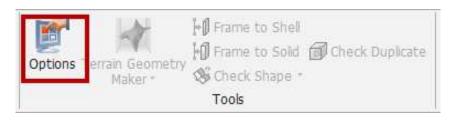
Part1. Geometry

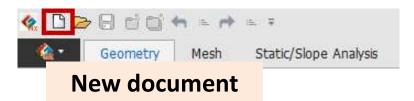
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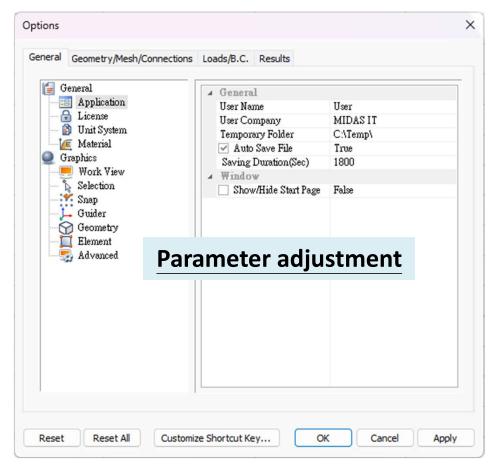


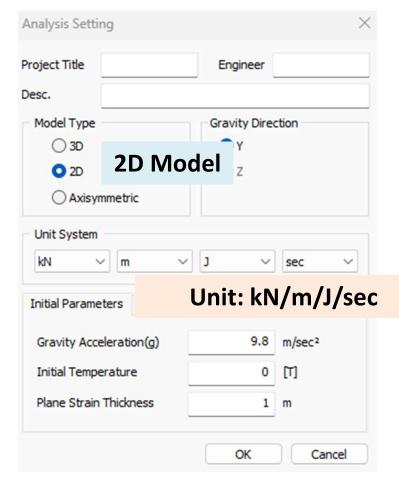


Import





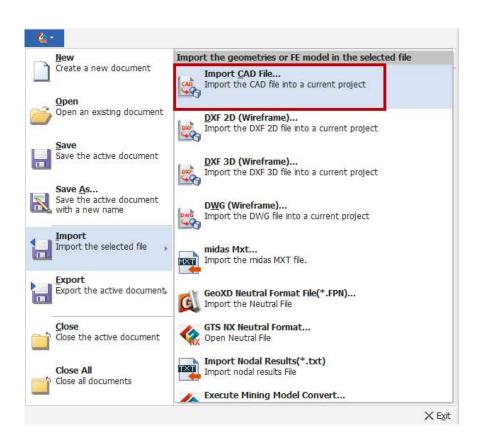


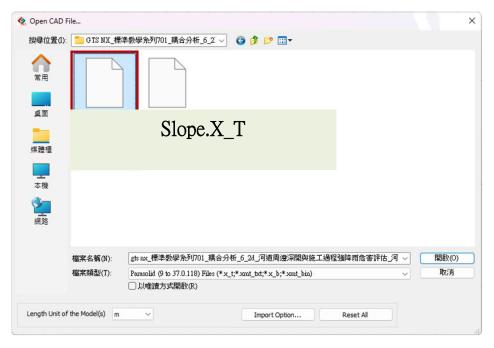


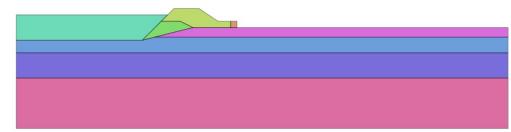




Import



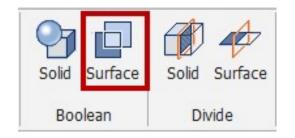




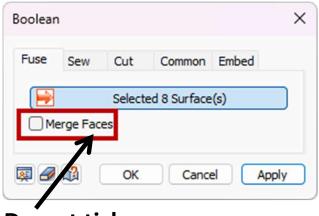


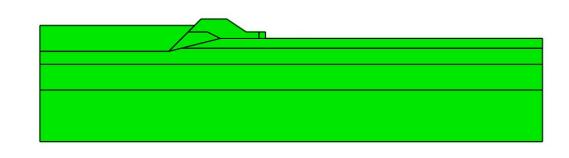


Surface merging



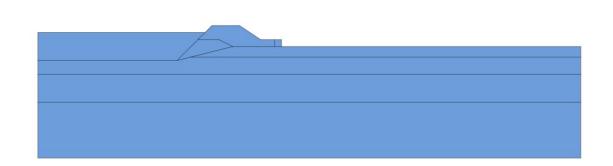
Selecting all





Do not tick

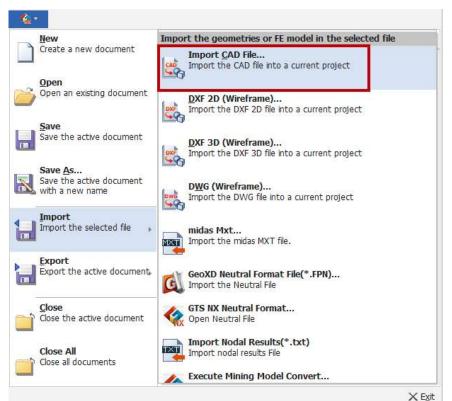


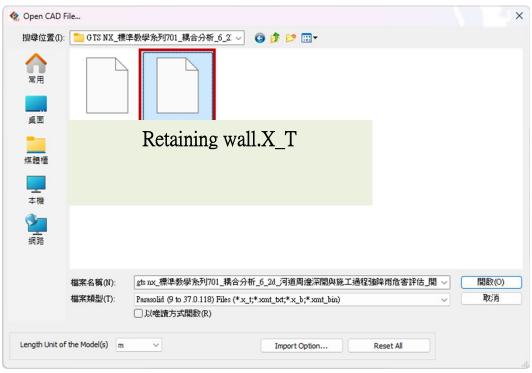


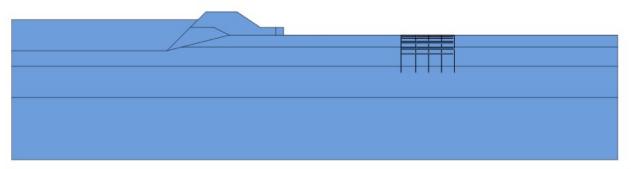




Import excavation area





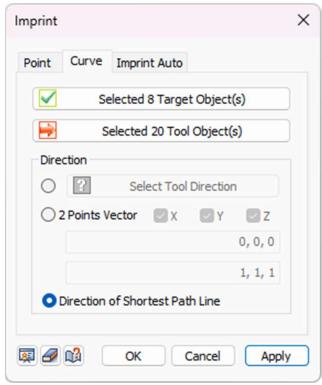




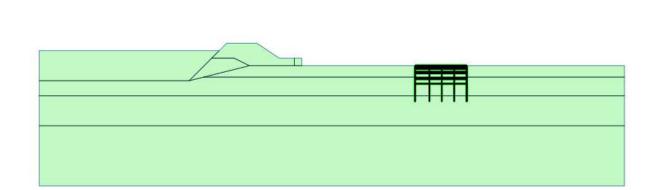


Imprint





Shortest path line selected



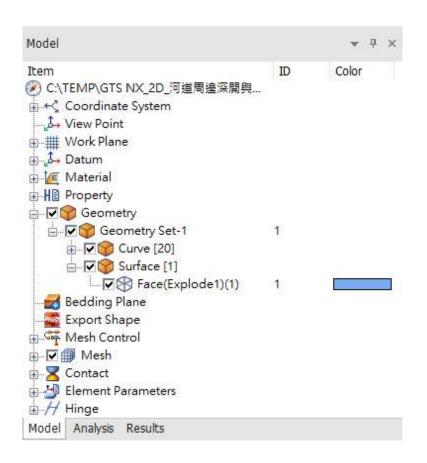
Target Object: All surfaces



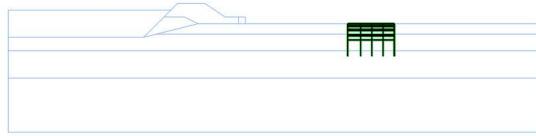




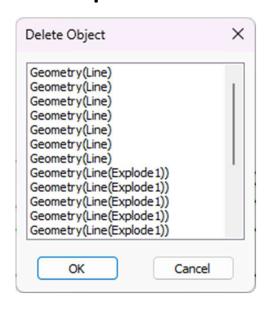
Delete curves



Step1.Excavation curves



Step2. DELETE







Part2. Soil Property

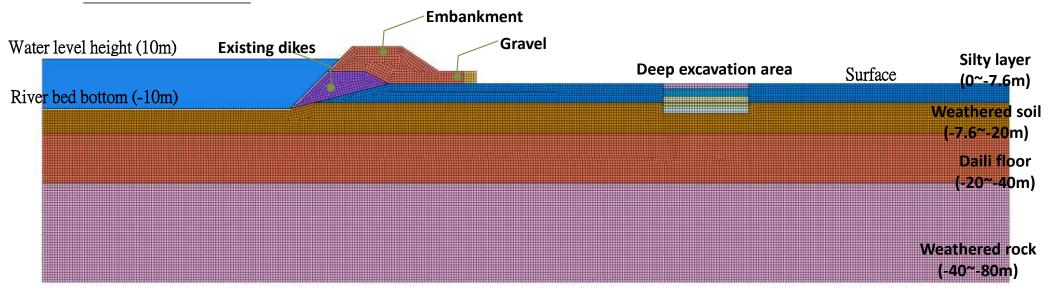
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Soil Layer Distribution

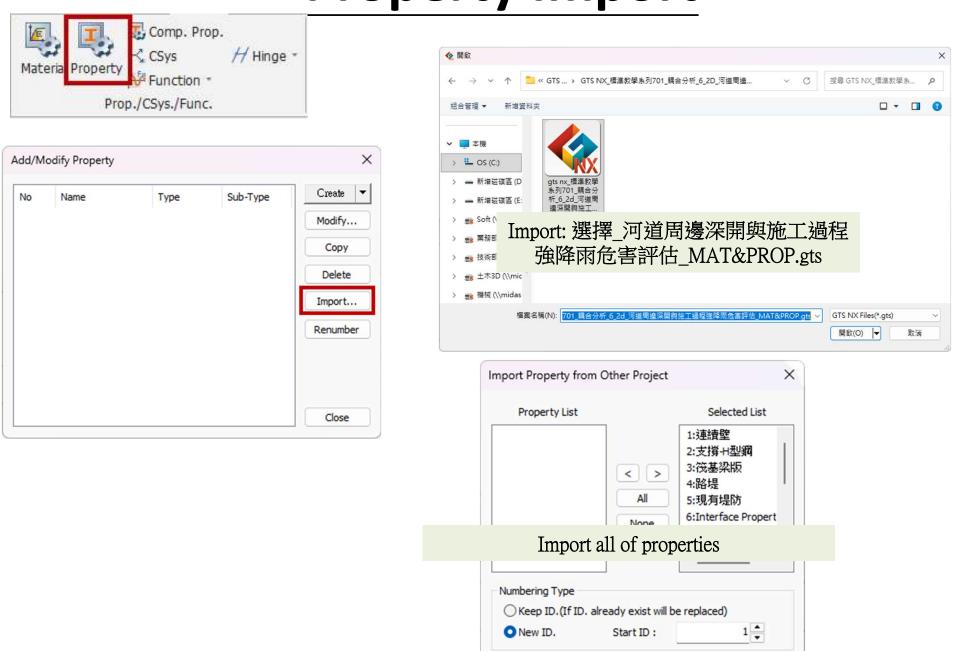








Property Import





Cancel



Note: The parameters in the example use assumed conditions.

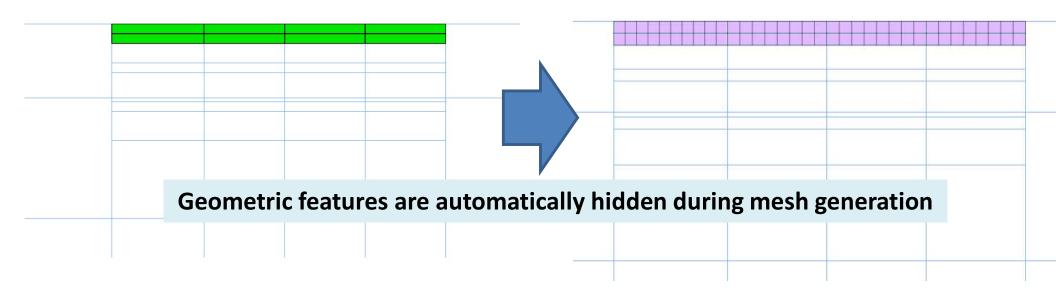
Excavation area — Stage 1 -1



Mesh size: 1/ Prop: Silty layer

Geometry set: Excav 1_Soil1

Mesh set: Excav1_Soil1











Excavation area –Stage 2 -2

Mesh size: 1/ Prop: Silty sand layer





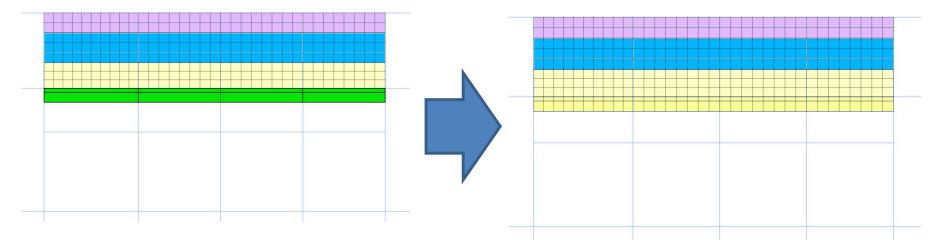


Excav area – Stage 3 -3

Mesh size: 1/ Prop: Weathered soil

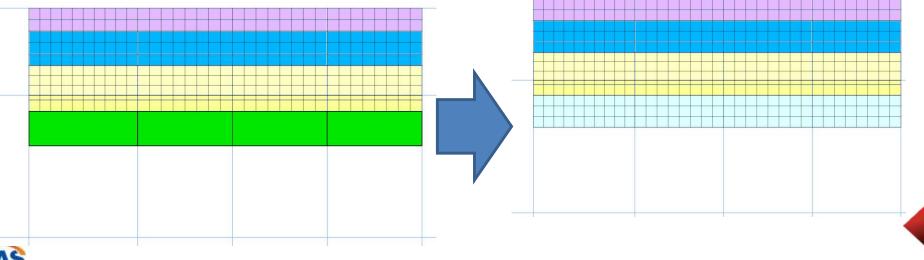
Geometry set: Excav3_Soil2

Mesh set: Excav3_Soil2



Geometry set: Excav4_Soil2

Mesh set: Excav 4_Soil2

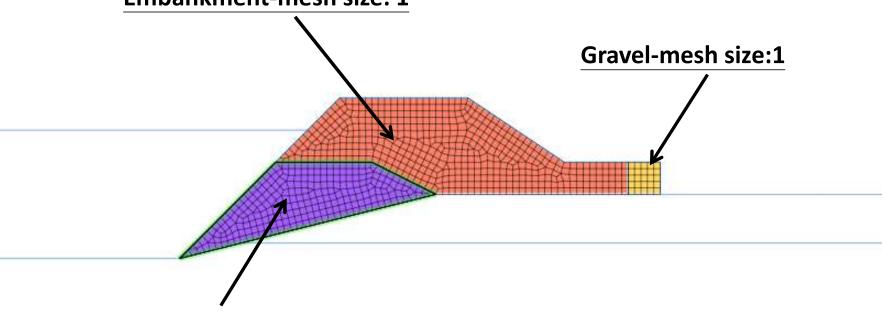




Riverbank area

Separated mesh set

Embankment-mesh size: 1

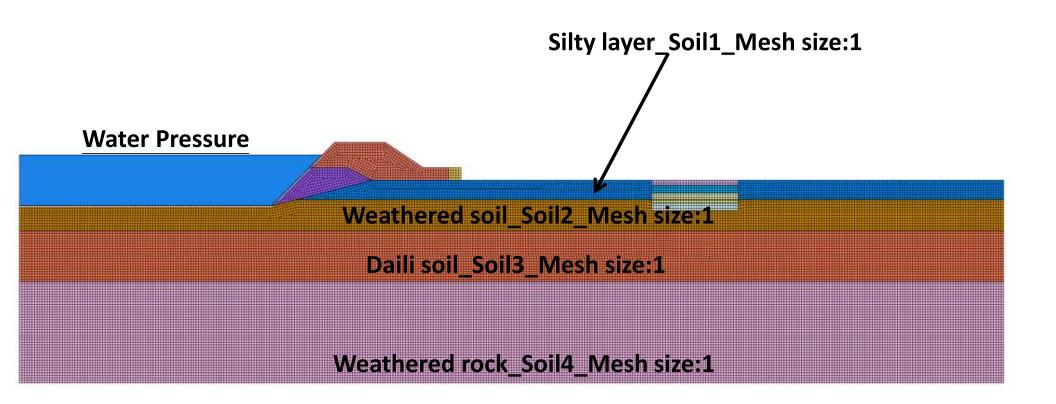


Existing dike-mesh size:1





Soil Layer







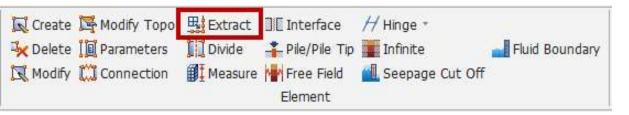
Part3. Mesh

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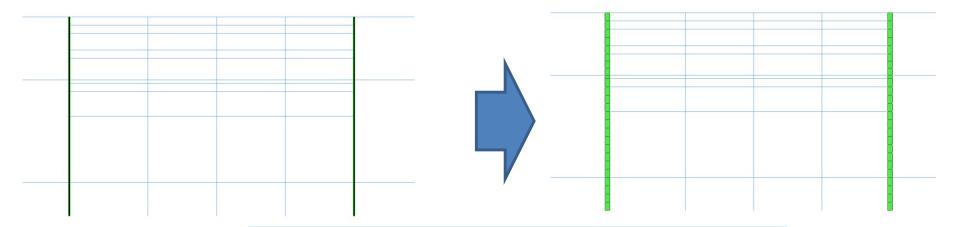




Retaining Wall-1D Beam



Extracting 1D element to retaining wall



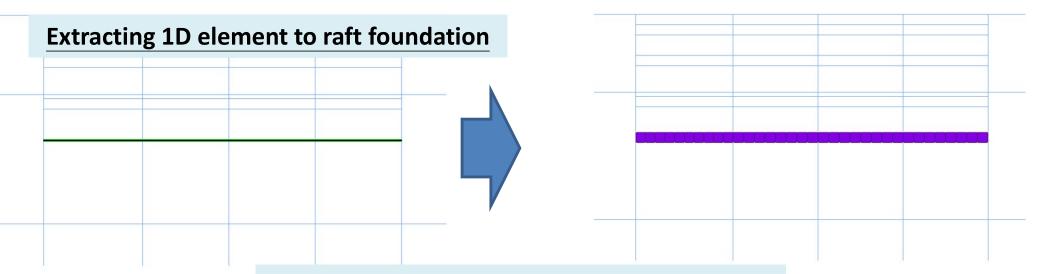
Tick on to view the property shape of BEAM





Raft foundation-1D Beam





Tick on to view the property shape of BEAM

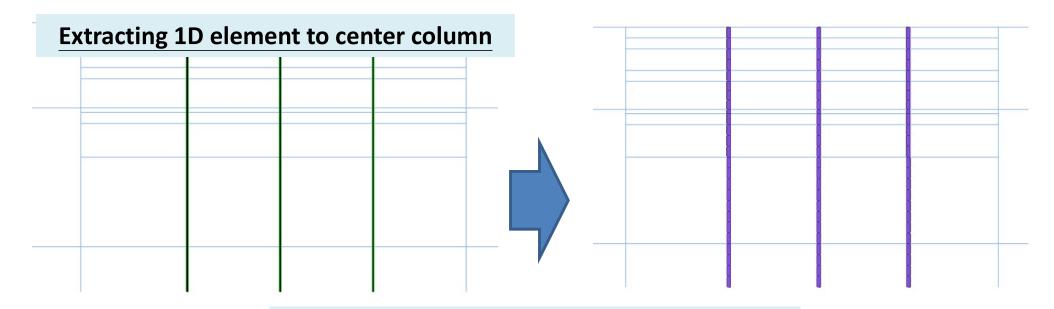




Center Column-1D Beam



Center column(depth 24m) $(H350 \times 250 \times 12 \times 19)$ -Beam



Tick on to view the property shape of BEAM







Strut Layer1-1D Truss



Strut Layer1-H Beam-Steel (H300 ×300 ×13 ×21)-Truss

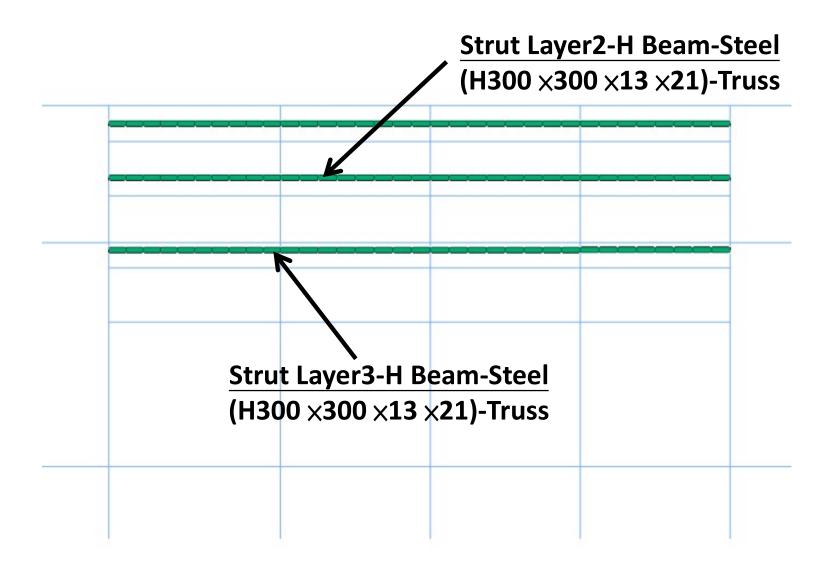
Extracting 1D element to strut_Layer1

Tick on to view the property shape of STRUSS





Strut Layer2&3-1D Truss

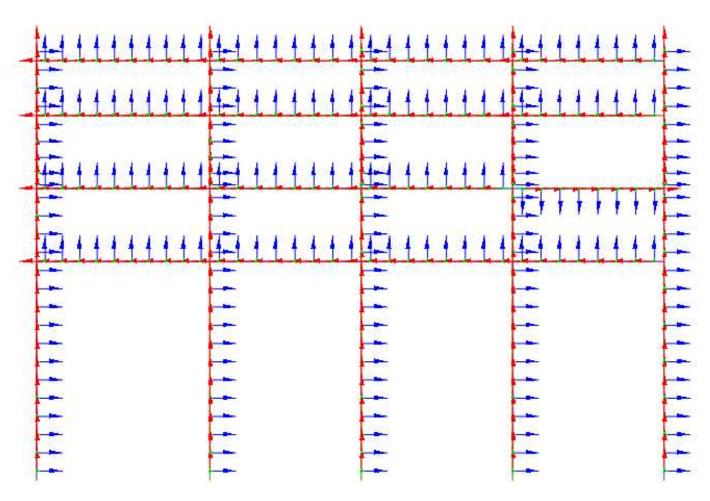






Element Local Orientation









Part4.Boundary Conditions

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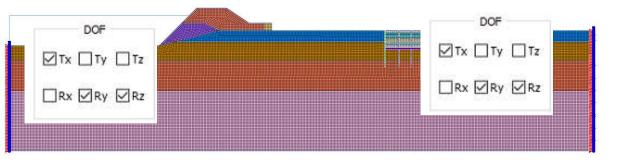


Boundary Conditions

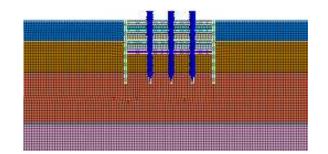


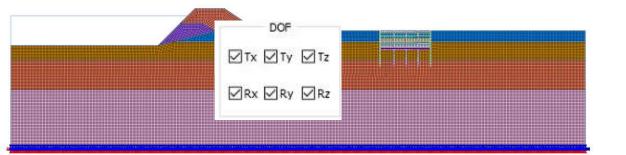
BC for 2-sided edges





Constraint Ry for center column





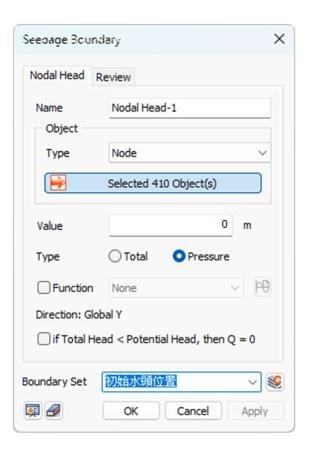


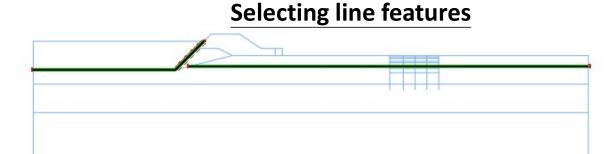


Initial Water Head Level

(Nodal Head ,Pressure=0 m)







Edge features selected

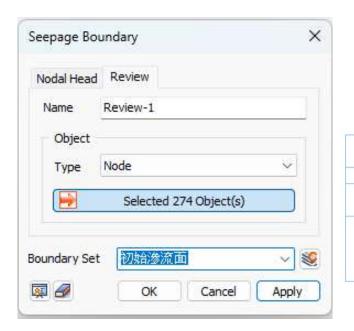




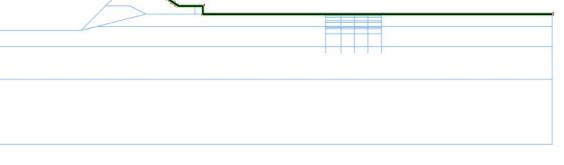


Initial Seepage Surface





Selecting line features







Excav Stage1_Seepage Surface



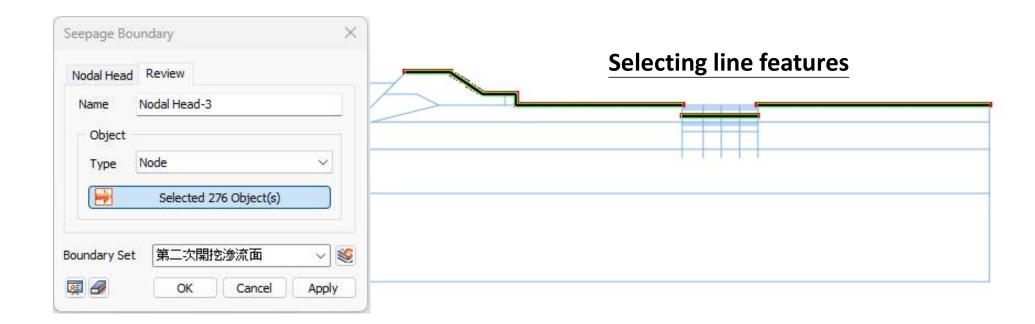






Excav Stage2_Seepage Surface



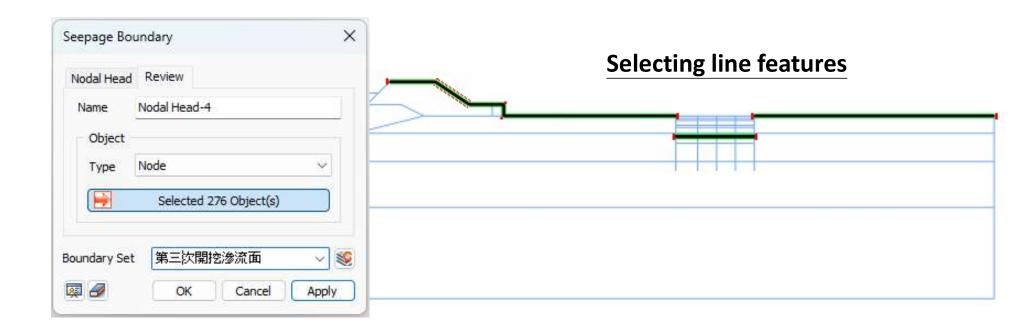






Excav Stage 3_Seepage Surface









Excav Stage4_Seepage surface



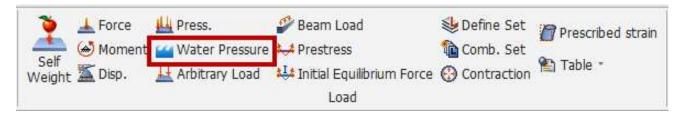


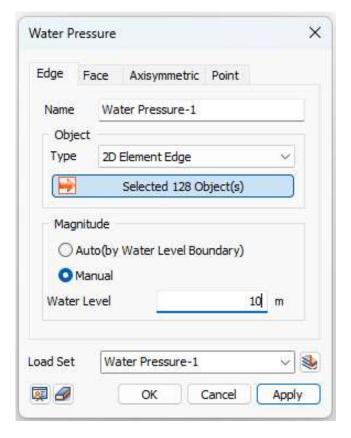


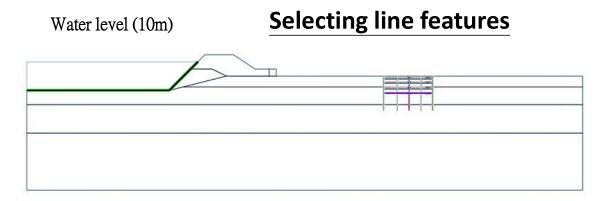


Water Pressure

(Pressure to represent for river reservoir pressure)











Part5.Interface Elements

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Interface Element-1

GTS NX Interface Element Wizard

Automatic calculation of normal stiffness (Kn) & tangential stiffness (Kt)

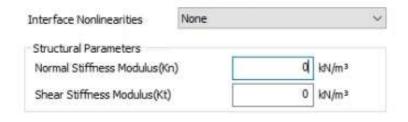
Virtual Thickness Factor (tv)

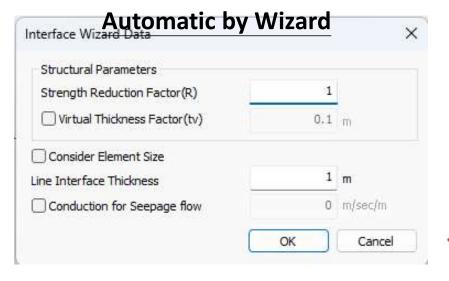
- Range from 0.01 ~ 0.1 $^{\circ}$
- Use smaller values for higher stiffness ∘

Strength Reduction Factor (R)

- Sandy soil/Steel material = R : 0.6~0.7
- Clay/Steel material = R: 0.5
- Sandy soil/Concrete = R: 1.0~0.8
- Clay/Concrete = $R : 1.0^{\circ}0.7$

Manual definition



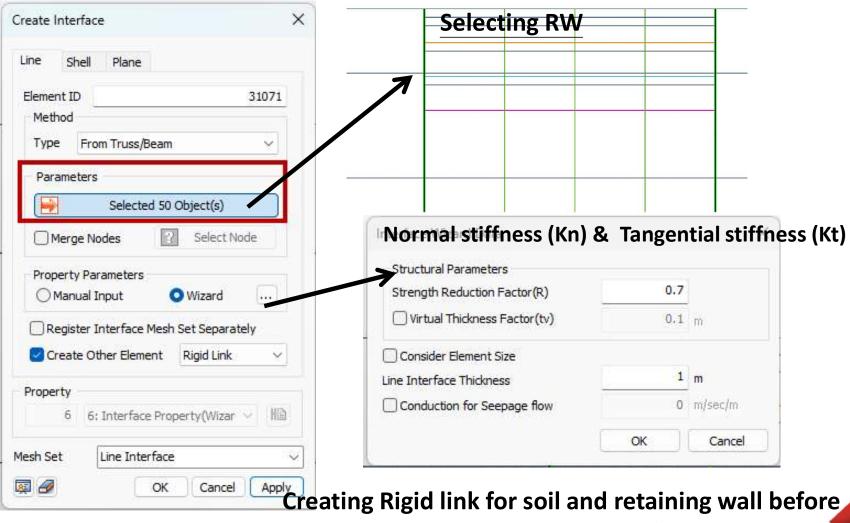






Interface Element-2





RW is constructed

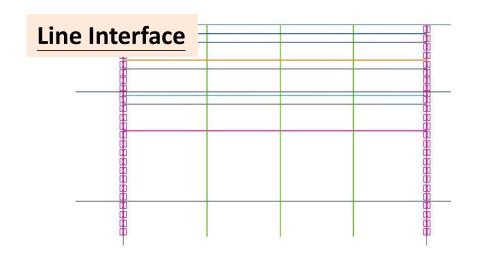


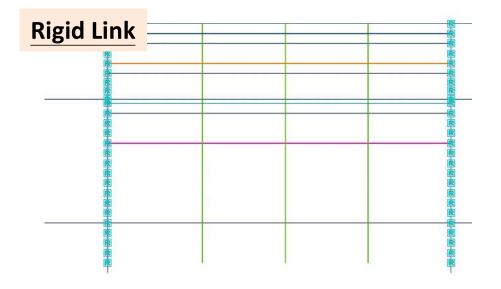
Interface Element-3

Normal stiffness (Kn) & Tangential stiffness (Kt)













Part6.Construction Stage

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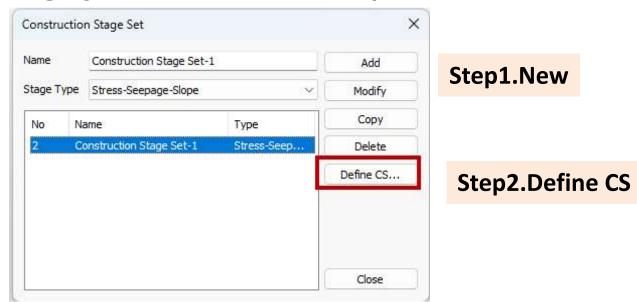


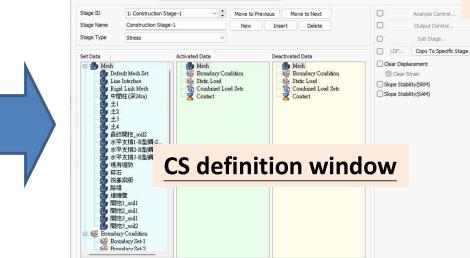
(Selecting type of simulation)



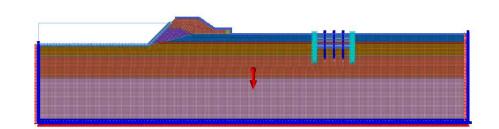
Define Construction Stage

Construction Stage Set Name





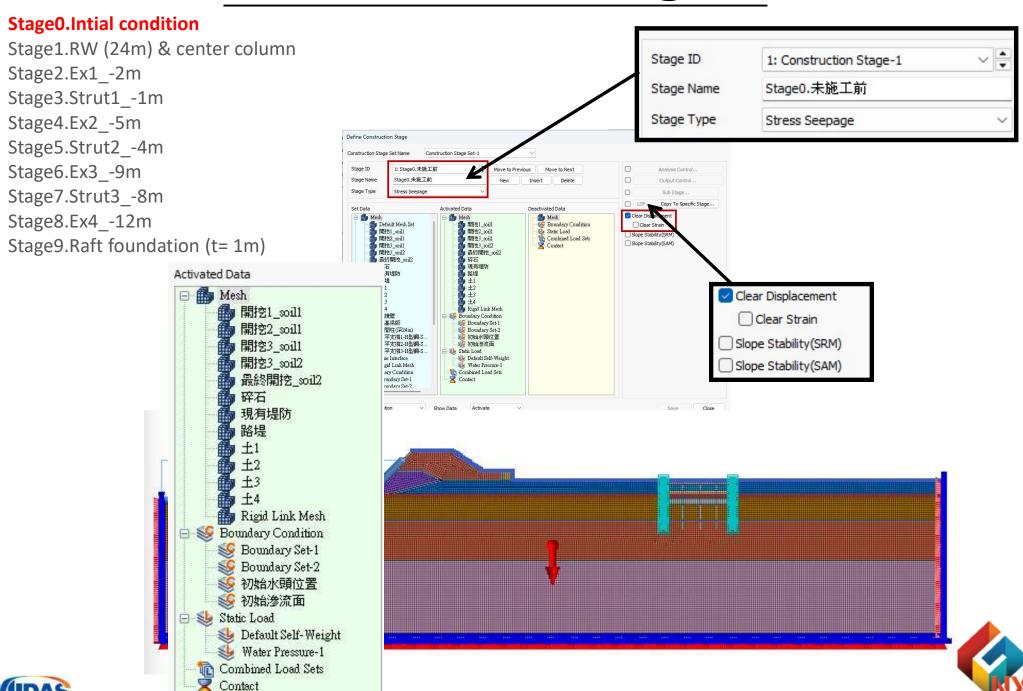
Construction Stage Set-1



Displaying all mesh sets/ BCs/ Geometry sets







StageO.Intial condition

Stage1.RW (24m) & center column

Stage2.Ex1_-2m

Stage3.Strut1_-1m

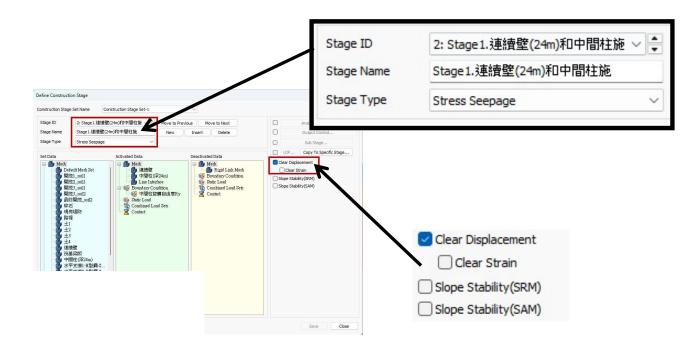
Stage4.Ex2 -5m

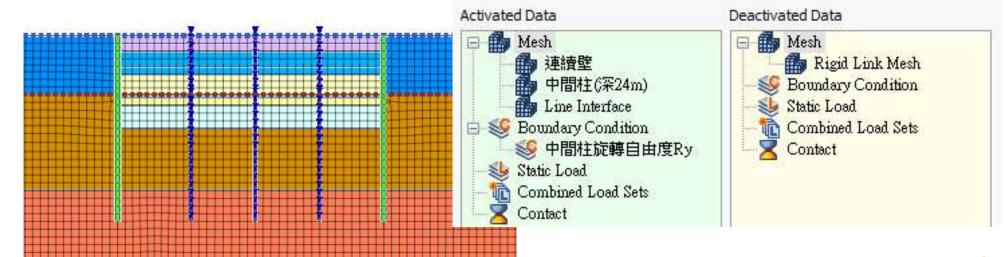
Stage5.Strut2_-4m

Stage6.Ex3_-9m

Stage7.Strut3_-8m

Stage8.Ex4_-12m









StageO.Intial condition

Stage1.RW (24m) & center column

Stage2.Ex1_-2m

Stage3.Strut1_-1m

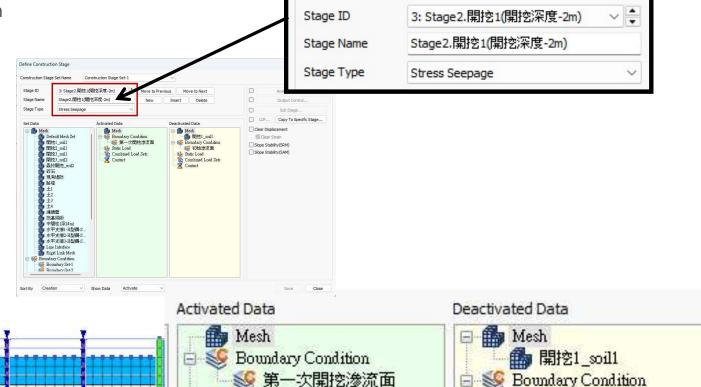
Stage4.Ex2 -5m

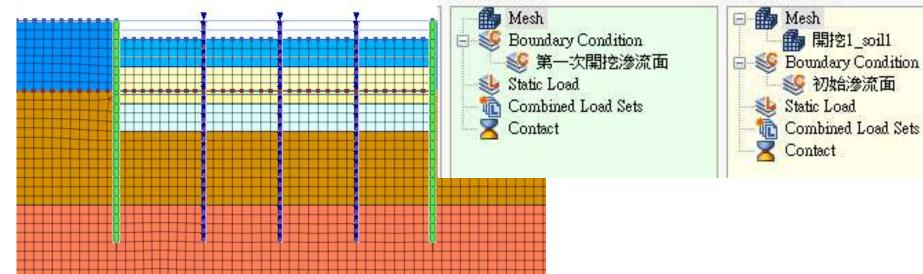
Stage5.Strut2_-4m

Stage6.Ex3_-9m

Stage7.Strut3_-8m

Stage8.Ex4_-12m









StageO.Intial condition

Stage1.RW (24m) & center column

Stage2.Ex1 -2m

Stage3.Strut1_-1m

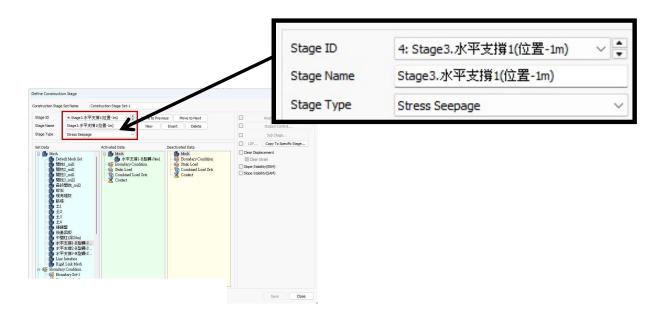
Stage4.Ex2 -5m

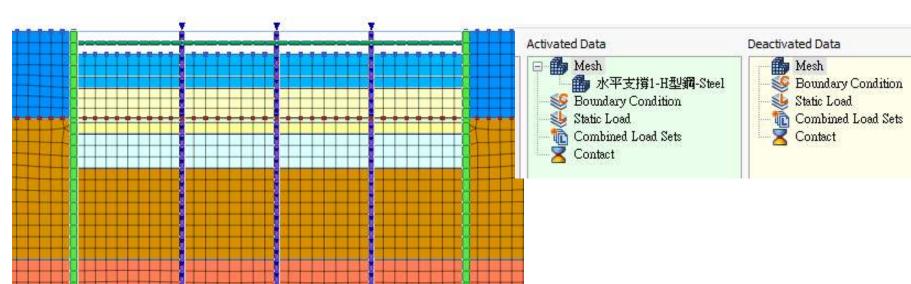
Stage5.Strut2_-4m

Stage6.Ex3_-9m

Stage7.Strut3_-8m

Stage8.Ex4_-12m









StageO.Intial condition

Stage1.RW (24m) & center column

Stage2.Ex1 -2m

Stage3.Strut1_-1m

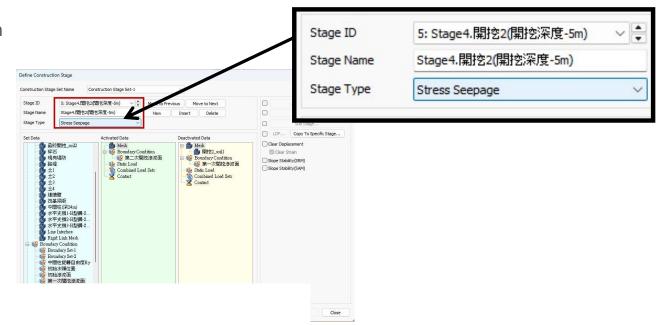
Stage4.Ex2_-5m

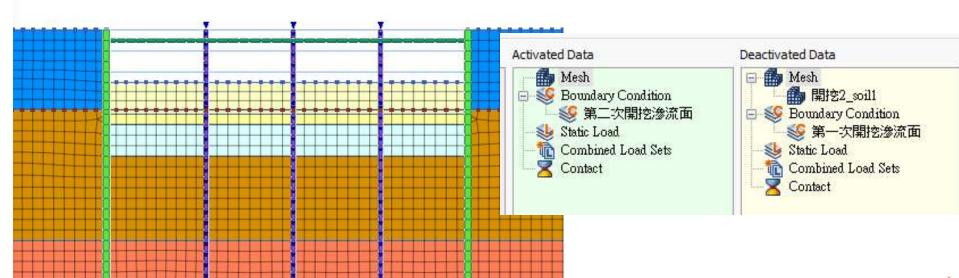
Stage5.Strut2_-4m

Stage6.Ex3_-9m

Stage7.Strut3_-8m

Stage8.Ex4_-12m









StageO.Intial condition

Stage1.RW (24m) & center column

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Stage3.Strut1_-1m

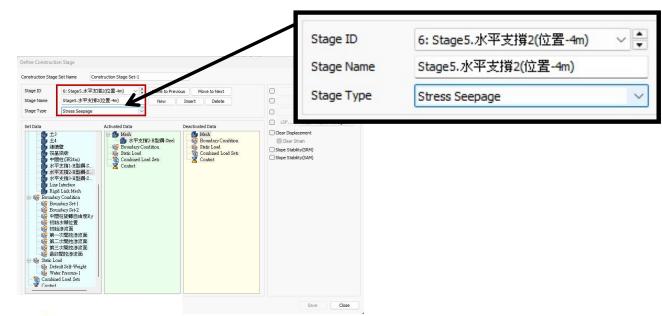
Stage4.Ex2 -5m

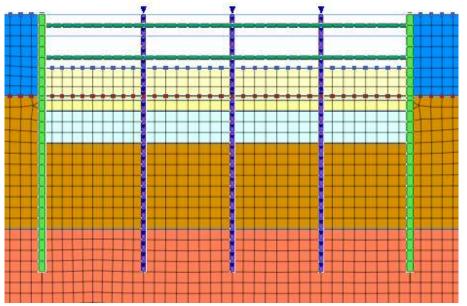
Stage5.Strut2_-4m

Stage6.Ex3_-9m

Stage7.Strut3_-8m

Stage8.Ex4 -12m











StageO.Intial condition

Stage1.RW (24m) & center column

Stage2.Ex1 -2m

Stage3.Strut1_-1m

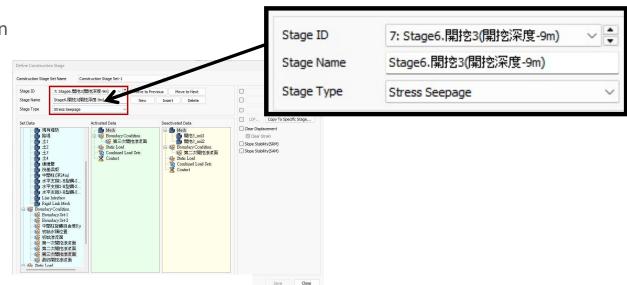
Stage4.Ex2 -5m

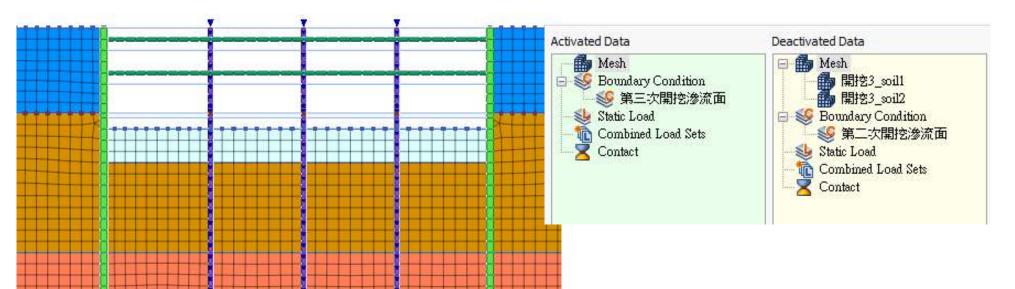
Stage5.Strut2_-4m

Stage6.Ex3_-9m

Stage7.Strut3_-8m

Stage8.Ex4_-12m









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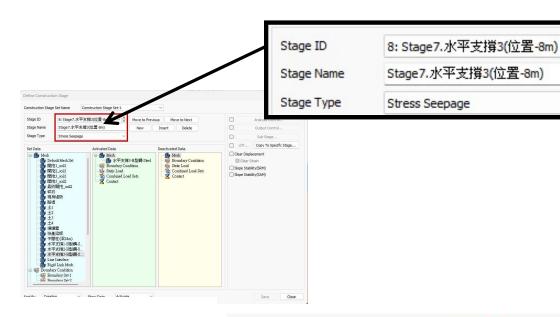
Stage4.Ex2 -5m

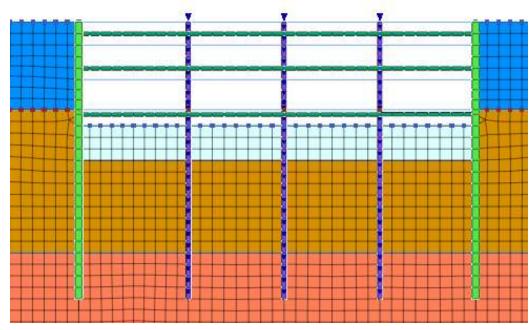
Stage5.Strut2_-4m

Stage6.Ex3 -9m

Stage7.Strut3_-8m

Stage8.Ex4_-12m











StageO.Intial condition

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Stage3.Strut1_-1m

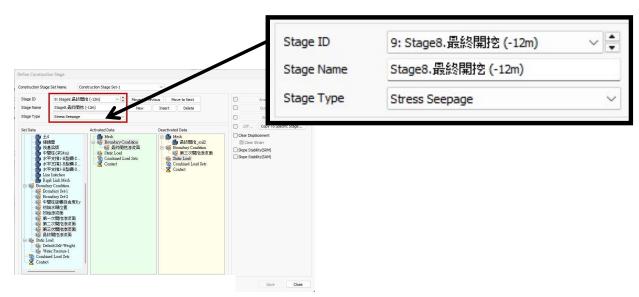
Stage4.Ex2 -5m

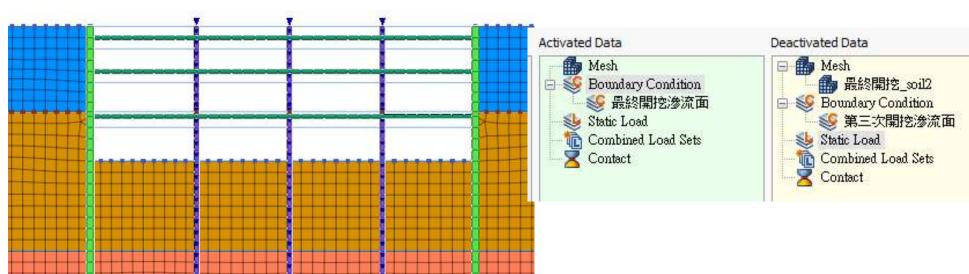
Stage5.Strut2_-4m

Stage6.Ex3_-9m

Stage7.Strut3_-8m

Stage8.Ex4_-12m









StageO.Intial condition

Stage1.RW (24m) & center column

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Stage3.Strut1 -1m

Stage4.Ex2 -5m

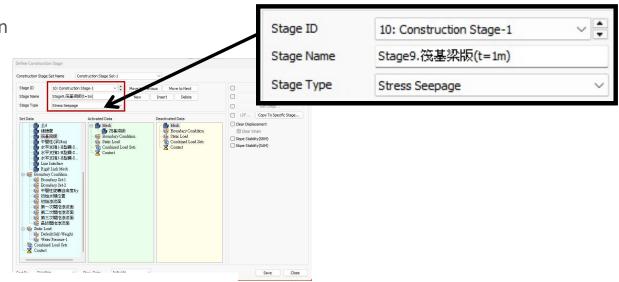
Stage5.Strut2 -4m

Stage6.Ex3 -9m

Stage7.Strut3 -8m

Stage8.Ex4 -12m

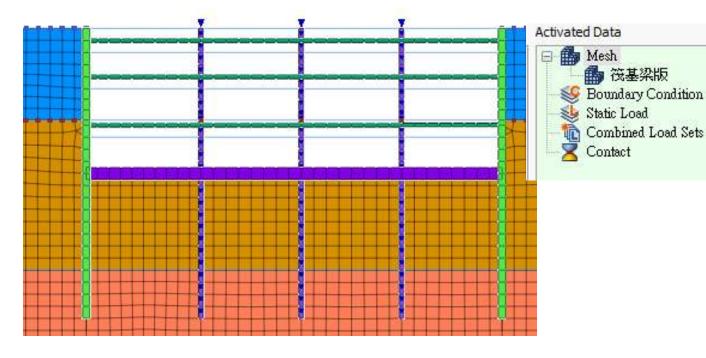
Stage9.Raft foundation (t= 1m)

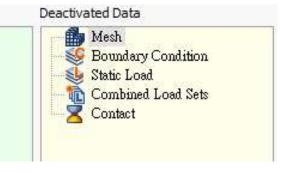


(基梁版

Contact

Combined Load Sets









Part7. Analysis & Calculation

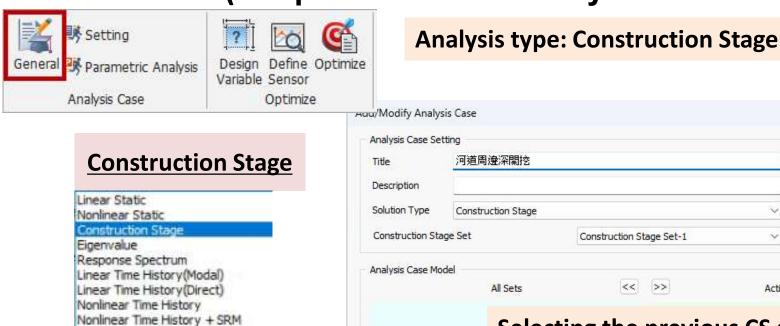
MIDAS Taiwan



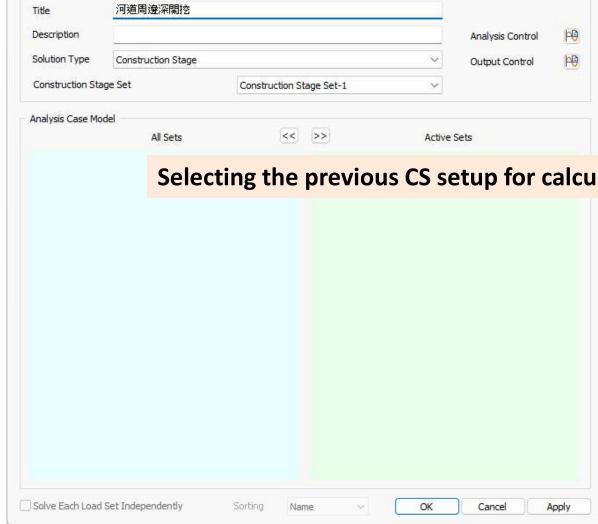


Analysis

(Deep excavation nearby river channel)



Selecting the previous CS setup for calculation





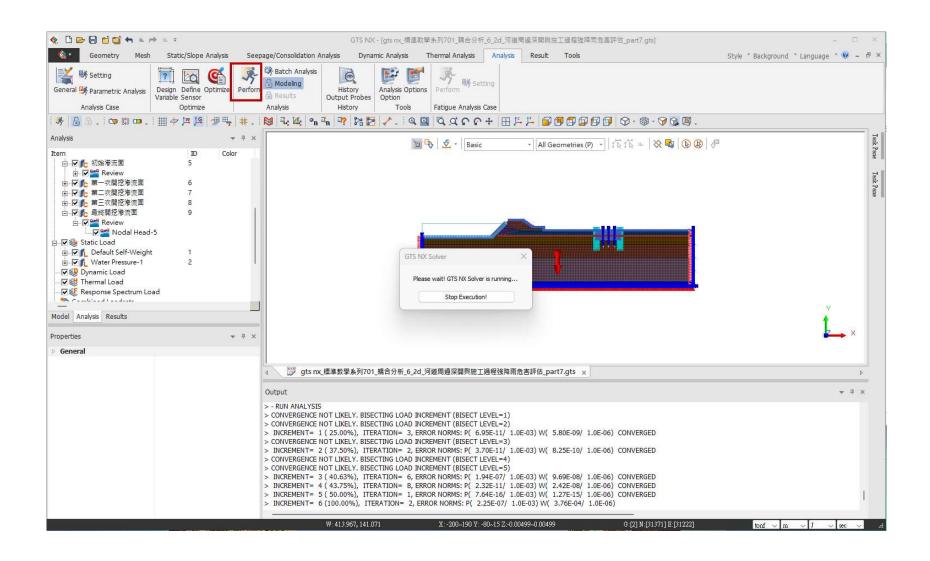
2D Equivalent Linear Consolidation

Fully Coupled Stress Seepage Seepage(Steady-state) Seepage(Transient) Slope Stability(SRM) Slope Stability(SAM)



X

Calculation







Results-1

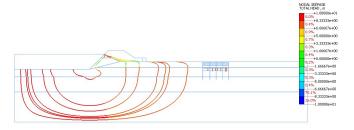
Sequence of analysis in CS

□ 河道周邊深開挖

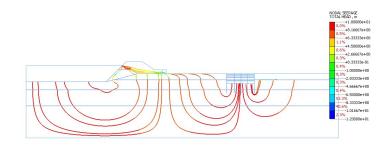
- 由 ☑ Stage0.未施工前-Seepage
- ョ 📝 Stage0.未施工前-Stress
- ± ☑ Stage1.連續壁(24m)和中間柱施-Seepage
- 由 ☑ Stage1.連續壁(24m)和中間柱施-Stress
- ± ☑ Stage2.開挖1(開挖深度-2m)-Seepage
- ± ☑ Stage2.開挖1(開挖深度-2m)-Stress
- 由 ☑ Stage3.水平支撐1(位置-1m)-Seepage
- 由 【】 Stage3.水平支撐1(位置-1m)-Stress
- 🛃 Stage4.開挖2(開挖深度-5m)-Seepage
- 由 📝 Stage4.開挖2(開挖深度-5m)-Stress
- 由 ☑ Stage5.水平支撐2(位置-4m)-Seepage
- 由 ☑ Stage5.水平支撐2(位置-4m)-Stress
- ± ☑ Stage6.開挖3(開挖深度-9m)-Seepage
- 由 📝 Stage6.開挖3(開挖深度-9m)-Stress
- 由 ☑ Stage7.水平支撐3(位置-8m)-Seepage
- ± ☑ Stage7.水平支撐3(位置-8m)-Stress
- 🛨 🛃 Stage8.最終開挖 (-12m)-Seepage
- 由 🛃 Stage8.最終開挖 (-12m)-Stress
- 由 📝 Stage9.筏基梁版(t=1m)-Seepage
- 由
 ☑ Stage9. 筏基梁版(t=1m)-Stress



施工階段0_Flow Path



施工階段9_Flow Path







Results-2 (Total Translation(m))

StageO.Intial condition

Stage1.RW (24m) & center column

Stage2.Ex1_-2m

Stage3.Strut1 -1m

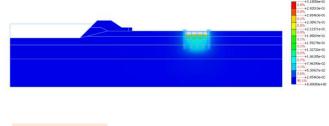
Stage4.Ex2_-5m

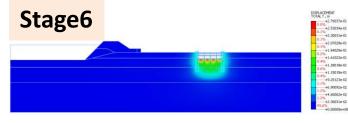
Stage5.Strut2_-4m

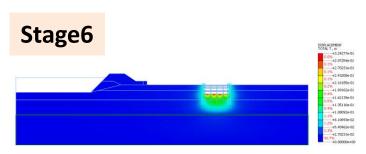
Stage6.Ex3_-9m

Stage7.Strut3 -8m

Stage8.Ex4_-12m











Part8. Heavy rainfall assessment

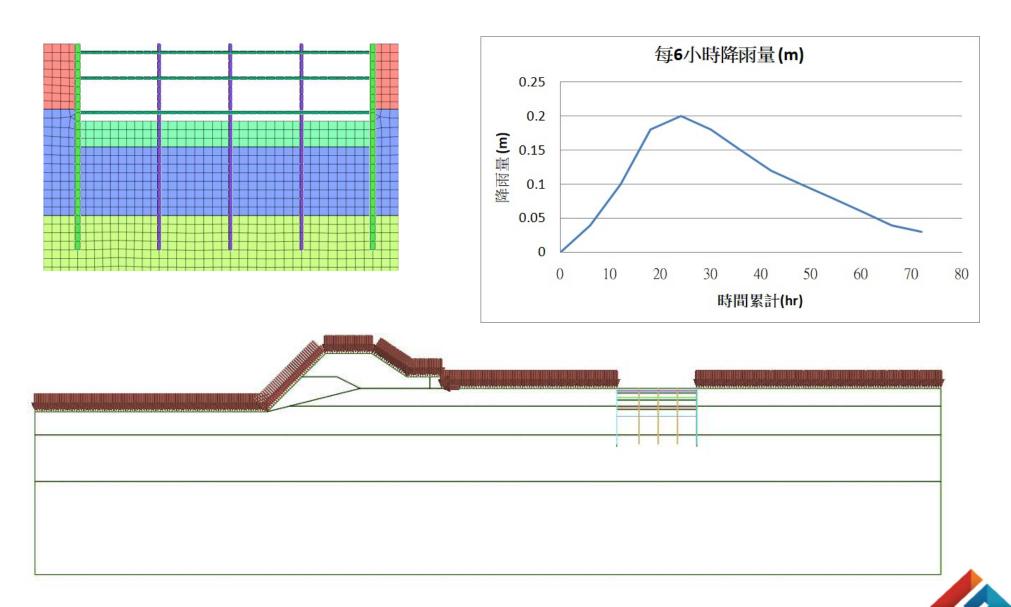
MIDAS Taiwan





Bofore Excav Stage 3

Heavy rainfall struck 72 hours continuously





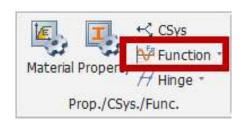
Rainfall Recording

Unit (kn/m/J/hr)

m

kN

(Hours)



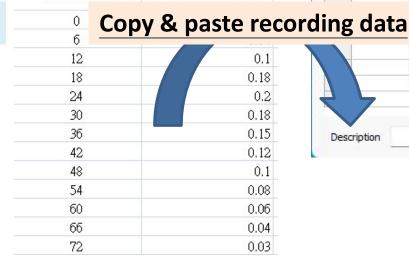
Seepage Boundary

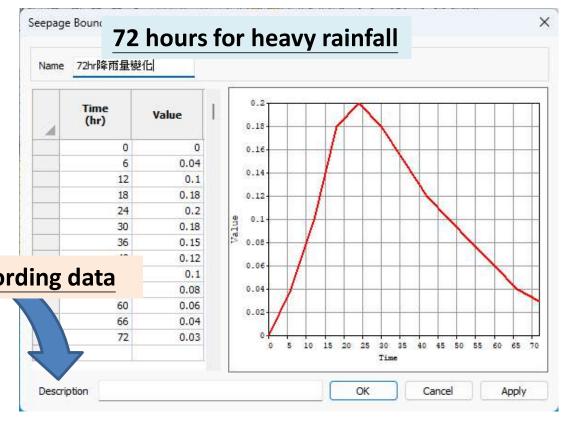


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Surface Flux

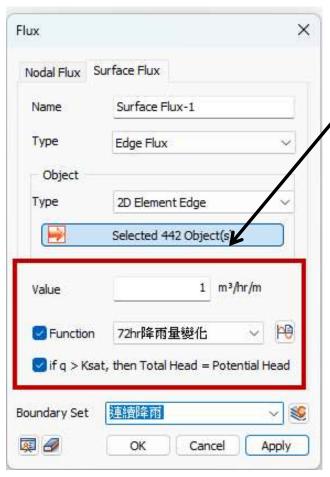
Unit (KN/m/J/hr)

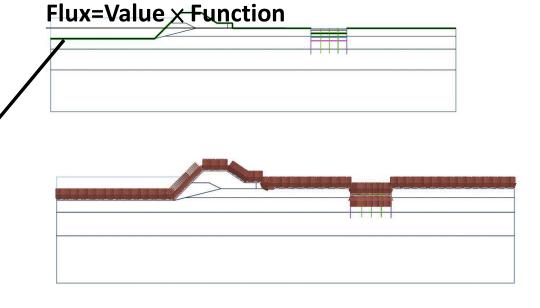


Seepage/Consolidation Analysis



Selecting line features





Note:

if surface flux > coefficient of permeability total head = potential head

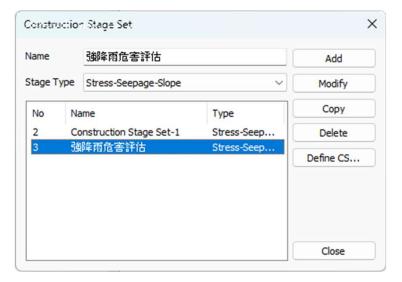


Continuous rainfall curve



Heavy Rainfall Assessment-1

New CS type: Stress-Seepage-slope



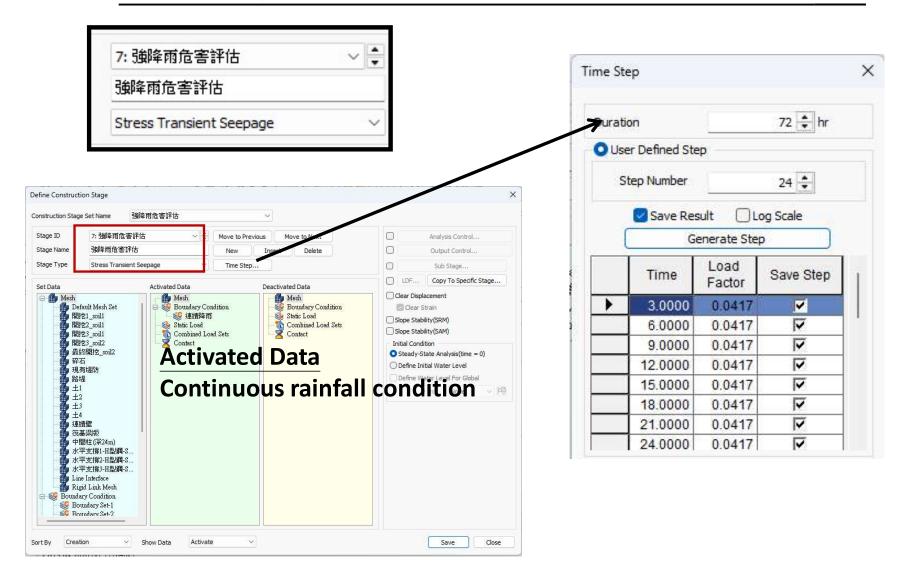


Step3. Select the previous construction stage





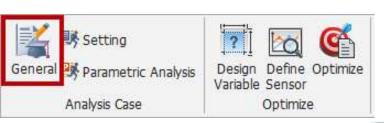
Heavy Rainfall Assessment-2





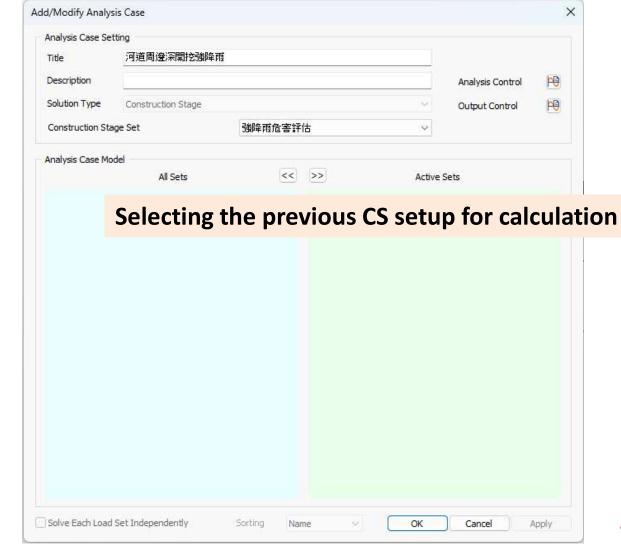


Analysis-1



Analysis type: Construction Stage

Construction Stage Linear Static Nonlinear Static Construction Stage Eigenvalue Response Spectrum Linear Time History (Modal) Linear Time History(Direct) Nonlinear Time History Nonlinear Time History + SRM 2D Equivalent Linear Consolidation Fully Coupled Stress Seepage Seepage(Steady-state) Seepage(Transient) Slope Stability(SRM) Slope Stability(SAM)







Analysis-2



Tick on

Automatically Consider Water Pressure

Tick on

Estimate initial stress of activated elements

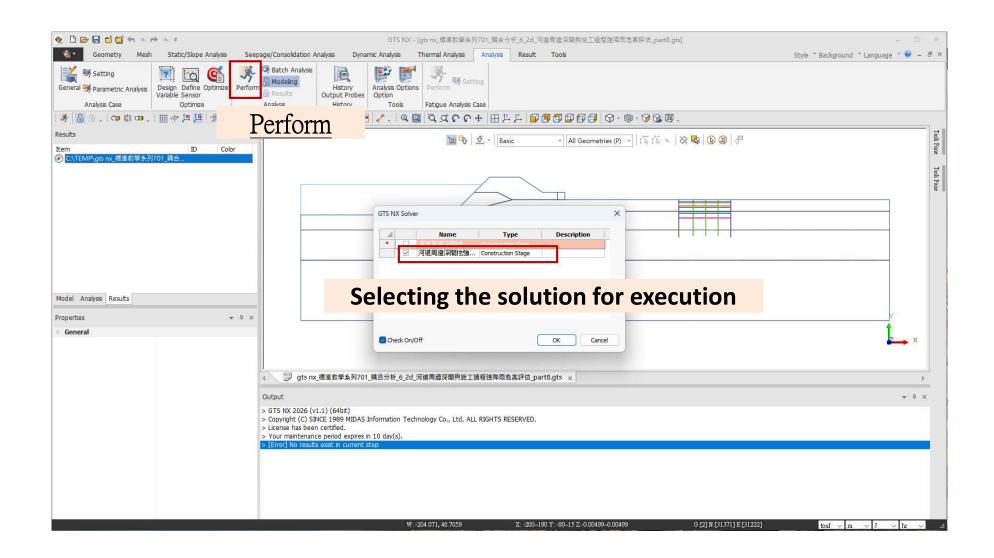
Tick on

Estimate initial Configuration of activated nodes





Calculation

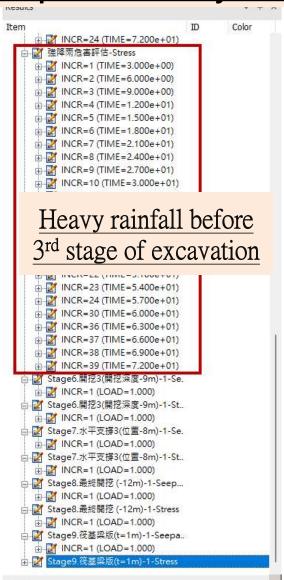






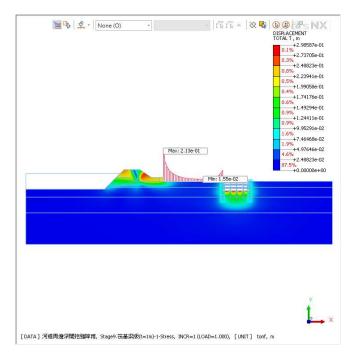
Results

Sequence of analysis in CS

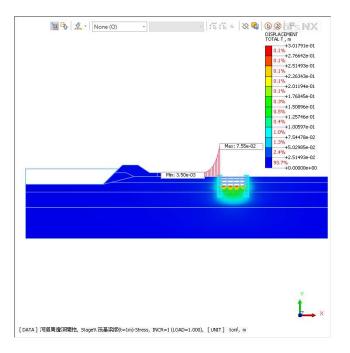


Stage6.Ex3_-9m

Heavy rainfall consideration



No rainfall consideration







Model Analysis Results